

**AMENDMENT TO THE CLAIMS:**

Please cancel claims 26 and 71, without prejudice, amend claims 3, 29, 41, 68 and 69, as shown, and add new claims 80-130.

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions and listings of claims in the Application:

**Claim 1 (original):** A photodiode comprising:

a conductive film having: an aperture having a diameter smaller than wavelength of incident light, and a periodic structure provided around said aperture for producing a resonant state by an excited surface plasmon in a film surface of said conductive film by means of the incident light to said film surface; and

a semiconductor layer provided in a vicinity of said aperture of said conductive film and in contact with said conductive film;

wherein said photodiode detects near-field light that is generated at an interface between said conductive film and said semiconductor layer by said excited surface plasmon.

**Claim 2 (original):** The photodiode according to claim 1, wherein said conductive film is a metal film through which said incident light does not pass at locations other than said aperture.

**Claim 3 (currently amended):** The photodiode according to claim 1, wherein a region in which a Schottky barrier formed by said conductive film and said semiconductor layer appears substantially matches a region of generation of said near-field light.

**Claims 4-26 (cancelled)**

**Claim 27 (previously presented):** The photodiode according to claim 1, wherein said periodic structure is composed of surface irregularities having a period in a direction of increasing distance from said aperture.

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**Claim 28 (cancelled)**

**Claim 29 (currently amended):** The photodiode according to claim 1, wherein said conductive film has a [[a]] first surface and a second surface, said aperture is formed from said first surface side; and said periodic structure is composed of surface irregularities having a period in a direction of increasing distance from said aperture;

    said semiconductor layer is a first ~~semiconductivesemiconductor~~ layer of one conductive type and in contact with the second surface of said conductive film; and

    said photodiode further includes a second semiconductor layer of said one conductive type in which the concentration of impurities is higher than in said first semiconductor layer, and which contacts a surface of said first semiconductor layer that is opposite to another surface in contact with the second surface of said conductive film.

**Claim 30 (cancelled)**

**Claim 31 (previously presented):** The photodiode according to claim 1, wherein said periodic structure is composed of concentric grooves that take said aperture as center.

**Claims 32 - 34 (cancelled)**

**Claim 35 (previously presented):** The photodiode according to claim 1, wherein said aperture has a bottom surface portion that is a part of said conductive film.

**Claims 36 and 37 (cancelled)**

**Claim 38 (previously presented):** The photodiode according to claim 1, wherein a scattering member composed of a conductive material for scattering light is arranged in said aperture.

**Claims 39 and 40 (cancelled)**

**Claim 41 (currently amended):** The photodiode according to claim 35, comprising a scattering member composed of conductive material for scattering light, said scattering member

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being embedded in said semiconductor layer side extending from an interface between said bottom surface portion and said semiconductor layer corresponding to the position of said aperture.

**Claims 42 and 43 (cancelled)**

**Claim 44 (previously presented):** The photodiode according to claim 1, wherein said aperture penetrates said conductive film and reaches said semiconductor layer, and of said conductive film, a periphery around said aperture contacts said semiconductor layer.

**Claims 45 and 46 (cancelled)**

**Claim 47 (previously presented):** The photodiode according to claim 44, wherein a scattering member composed of a conductive material for scattering light is embedded in a surface of said semiconductor layer corresponding to the position of said aperture.

**Claims 48 and 49 (cancelled)**

**Claim 50 (previously presented):** The photodiode according to claim 29, wherein a transparent film having an index of refraction substantially equal to that of said semiconductor layer is provided on said first surface of said conductive film.

**Claims 51 and 52 (cancelled)**

**Claim 53 (previously presented):** The photodiode according to claim 50, further comprising an antireflection film for incident light provided on said transparent film.

**Claims 54 and 55 (cancelled)**

**Claim 56 (previously presented):** The photodiode according to claim 29, wherein said conductive film is a metal film and the diameter of said aperture is at least 1/10 but no greater than 1/2 the wavelength of said incident light.

**Claims 57 and 58 (cancelled)**

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**Claim 59 (previously presented):** The photodiode according to claim 56, wherein the period of said periodic structure is equal to or less than the wavelength of said incident light.

**Claims 60 and 61 (cancelled)**

**Claim 62 (previously presented):** The photodiode according to claim 56, wherein the period of said periodic structure is set to a resonant wavelength of the surface plasmon excited on said conductive film by said incident light.

**Claims 63 and 64 (cancelled)**

**Claim 65 (previously presented):** The photodiode according to claim 56, wherein said metal film has a thickness no greater than 1000 nm but at least 100 nm at concave portions of said periodic structure, and a depth of said surface irregularities is at least 20 nm but no greater than 200 nm.

**Claims 66 and 67 (cancelled)**

**Claim 68 (currently amended):** The photodiode according to claim 3231, wherein a thickness of said second semiconductor layer interposed between said first semiconductor layer and said conductive film is at least 50 nm but no greater than 100 nm.

**Claim 69 (currently amended):** The photodiode according to claim 3335, wherein a thickness of said second semiconductor layer interposed between said first semiconductor layer and said conductive film is at least 50 nm but no greater than 100 nm.

**Claim 70-71 (cancelled)**

**Claim 72 (previously presented):** An optical module comprising:

a photodiode according to claim 1 for detecting signal light emitted from an optical fiber to supply it as an electrical signal; and  
a preamplifier for amplifying the electrical signal.

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**Claim 73 (previously presented):** An optical module comprising:

a photodiode according to claim 29 for detecting signal light emitted from an optical fiber to supply it as an electrical signal; and  
a preamplifier for amplifying the electrical signal.

**Claim 74 (previously presented):** The optical module according to claim 72, comprising:

a case; and

an optical coupler for optically coupling said optical fiber and said photodiode;  
wherein said photodiode and said preamplifier are accommodated in said case.

**Claim 75 (previously presented):** The optical module according to claim 73, comprising:

a case; and

an optical coupler for optically coupling said optical fiber and said photodiode;  
wherein said photodiode and said preamplifier are accommodated in said case.

**Claim 76 (previously presented):** An optical interconnection module comprising:

a photodiode according to claim 1 for receiving incidence of light emitted from a first optical fiber to generate a first signal current;

a light source for generating a signal light that is irradiated into a second optical fiber;  
and

a mounting board on which said photodiode and said light source are arranged;  
wherein said first signal current is supplied to an LSI, and said light source generates  
the signal light in accordance with the second signal current from said LSI.

**Claim 77 (previously presented):** An optical interconnection module comprising:

a photodiode according to claim 29 for receiving incidence of light emitted from a first optical fiber to generate a first signal current;

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a light source for generating a signal light that is irradiated into a second optical fiber;  
and

a mounting board on which said photodiode and said light source are arranged;  
wherein said first signal current is supplied to an LSI, and said light source generates  
the signal light in accordance with the second signal current from said LSI.

**Claim 78 (previously presented):** The optical interconnection module according to claim 76,  
further comprising:

a first optical coupler for optically coupling said first optical fiber and said photodiode;  
and

a second optical coupler for optically coupling said light source and said second optical  
fiber.

**Claim 79 (previously presented):** The optical interconnection module according to claim 77,  
further comprising:

a first optical coupler for optically coupling said first optical fiber and said photodiode;  
and

a second optical coupler for optically coupling said light source and said second optical  
fiber.

**Claim 80 (new):** A photodiode comprising:

a conductive film having an aperture having a diameter smaller than wavelength of  
incident light, and a periodic structure provided around said aperture for producing a resonant  
state by an excited surface plasmon in a film surface of said conductive film by means of the  
incident light to said film surface; and

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a semiconductor layer provided in a vicinity of said aperture of said conductive film and in contact with said conductive film;

wherein said photodiode detects near-field light that is generated at an interface between said conductive film and said semiconductor layer by said excited surface plasmon ; and wherein said conductive film has a first surface and a second surface, said aperture is formed from said first surface side; and

said periodic structure is composed of surface irregularities having a period in a direction of increasing distance from said aperture;

said semiconductor layer is a first semiconductor layer of one conductive type and in contact with the second surface of said conductive film; and

said photodiode further includes a second semiconductor layer of said one conductive type in which the concentration of impurities is higher than in said first semiconductor layer, and which contacts a surface of said first semiconductor layer that is opposite to another surface in contact with the second surface of said conductive film.

**Claim 81 (new):** An optical module comprising:

a photodiode according to claim 80 for detecting signal light emitted from an optical fiber to supply it as an electrical signal; and

a preamplifier for amplifying the electrical signal.

**Claim 82 (new):** The optical module according to claim 81, comprising:

a case; and

an optical coupler for optically coupling said optical fiber and said photodiode; wherein said photodiode and said preamplifier are accommodated in said case.

**Claim 83 (new):** An optical interconnection module comprising:

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a photodiode according to claim 80 for receiving incidence of light emitted from a first optical fiber to generate a first signal current;

a light source for generating a signal light that is irradiated into a second optical fiber;  
and

a mounting board on which said photodiode and said light source are arranged;  
wherein said first signal current is supplied to an LSI, and said light source generates the signal light in accordance with the second signal current from said LSI.

**Claim 84 (new):** The optical interconnection module according to claim 83, further comprising:

a first optical coupler for optically coupling said first optical fiber and said photodiode;  
and

a second optical coupler for optically coupling said light source and said second optical fiber.

**Claim 85 (new):** A photodiode comprising:

a metal semiconductor junction forming a depletion region in the presence of an applied junction voltage;

the junction positioned to receive near field light generated from incident light striking the photodiode from the metal side of the junction through a sub-wavelength aperture due to surface plasmon resonance.

**Claim 86 (new):** The photodiode according to claim 85, wherein the metal side of the metal-semiconductor junction comprises a metal film through which said incident light does not pass at locations other than said sub-wavelength aperture.

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**Claim 87 (new):** The photodiode according to claim 86, wherein said metal semiconductor junction substantially matches a region of generation of said near-field light.

**Claim 88 (new):** The photodiode according to claim 85, wherein said surface plasmon resonance results from a periodic structure on said metal side of said junction composed of surface irregularities having a period in a direction of increasing distance from said sub-wavelength aperture.

**Claim 89 (new):** A photodiode according to claim 1,

wherein said photodiode detects near-field light that is generated at an interface between said conductive film and said semiconductor layer by said excited surface plasmon in a depletion region formed at the interface of said conductive film and said semiconductor layer.

**Claim 90 (new):** An optical module comprising:

a photodiode according to claim 89 for detecting signal light emitted from an optical fiber to supply it as an electrical signal; and

a preamplifier for amplifying the electrical signal.

**Claim 91 (new):** The optical module according to claim 90, comprising:

a case; and

an optical coupler for optically coupling said optical fiber and said photodiode;

wherein said photodiode and said preamplifier are accommodated in said case.

**Claim 92 (new):** An optical interconnection module comprising:

a photodiode according to claim 89 for receiving incidence of light emitted from a first optical fiber to generate a first signal current;

a light source for generating a signal light that is irradiated into a second optical fiber;

and

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a mounting board on which said photodiode and said light source are arranged;  
wherein said first signal current is supplied to an LSI, and said light source generates  
the signal light in accordance with the second signal current from said LSI.

**Claim 93 (new):** The optical interconnection module according to claim 92, further  
comprising:

a first optical coupler for optically coupling said first optical fiber and said photodiode;  
and

a second optical coupler for optically coupling said light source and said second optical  
fiber.

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